

Air flows into a channel of height h , at uniform speed V_1 , as a thin jet of height $h/8$. The air then mixes in the channel into a uniform velocity V_2 at the outlet. The density ρ is constant everywhere. There is a uniform pressure p_1 over the inlet plane, and a uniform pressure p_2 over the outlet plane.

a) Apply the mass conservation integral to the dashed control volume shown in the figure,

$$\oint \rho (\vec{V} \cdot \hat{n}) dA = 0$$

and thus determine the exit velocity V_2 in terms of the known inlet maximum velocity V_1 .

b) Apply the momentum conservation integral to the dashed control volume,

$$\oint [\rho (\vec{V} \cdot \hat{n}) \vec{V} + p \hat{n}] dA = 0$$

and thus determine the pressure difference $p_2 - p_1$ in terms of ρ and V_1 . State whether the mixing causes the pressure to increase or decrease downstream.

